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February 12, 2014

Via Fax: (202) 228-0284  
Senator Pat Toomey  
248 Russell Senate Office Building  
Washington, D.C. 20510

Via Fax: (202) 225-9511  
Representative Mike Fitzpatrick  
2400 Rayburn House Office Building  
Washington, DC 20515

Re: *Mumia Abu-Jama & Debo Adegbile*

Greetings:

I followed with interest your news conference on Monday, February. 10, 2014, at which you both expressed opposition to President Barack Obama's nomination of Debo Adegbile to serve as the U.S. Department of Justice's Assistant Attorney General for civil rights. I write to provide additional information regarding convicted Philadelphia cop-killer Mumia Abu-Jama and Obama's Department of Justice. My hope is that one of your staff members will accord me thirty (30) minutes so that I may detail what I consider to be a very serious abuse of prosecutorial discretion coupled with judicial misfeasance. Let me briefly explain:

**I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

As you both know, on December 9, 1981, in Philadelphia, Abu-Jamal ran across the street towards the traffic stop of his brother. There was an exchange of gunfire and Officer Faulkner died. Abu-Jamal was charged with the first-degree murder of Officer Faulkner. The jury delivered a unanimous guilty verdict and Abu-Jamal remains incarcerated on that verdict to this day.

What you probably don't know is that by his own admission, Abu-Jamal helped form the Philadelphia branch of the Black Panther Party in the late 1970s. **This is where the connection between Mumia Abu-Jama, Eric Holder and Barack Obama begins.** The chronology is as follows:

On or about **November 7, 1983**, in the District of Columbia, one or more unknown co-conspirators set off a bomb inside the United States Capitol.

On **May 24, 1985**, Elizabeth Duke ("Duke") was **arraigned in Philadelphia** upon an indictment charging her with involvement in the aforementioned

bombing.

On **July 24, 1985**, Duke was released on bail by U.S. District Court Judge Louis Heilprin Pollak. After failing to appear in Court as ordered, on **October 15, 1985**, the government moved to revoke Duke's bail and a bench warrant for her arrest as a fugitive was issued the same day.

On **May 11, 1988**, Duke – along with her co-conspirators Laura Whitehorn, Linda Evans, Marilyn Buck, Susan Rosenberg, Timothy Blunk, and Alan Berkman<sup>1</sup> – was re-indicted for acts of violence against the United States, including the aforementioned bombing of the United States Capitol on **November 7, 1983** and several other government buildings in Washington, D.C. On **June 2, 1988**, Judge Harold H. Greene of this Court issued a bench warrant for Duke. The case was assigned Docket No.: 88-cr-145.

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<sup>1</sup> The Black Liberation Army and May 19th Communist Movement had organized the October 20, 1981, Brinks robbery in Nanuet, New York, in which \$1.6 million was taken from a Brink's armored car. In a shootout shortly after the heist, two police officers were killed. A witness told a grand jury that Berkman had treated one of the holdup group's members for a gunshot wound. Indicted as an accessory after the fact, Berkman jumped bail and went underground. On the run, Berkman and Elizabeth Ann Duke were arrested on May 23, 1985, near Doylestown, Pennsylvania. Their car was found to have a pistol and shotgun, as well as the key to a storage site that held 100 pounds of dynamite. During his years on the run in the 1980s, court papers alleged, he was involved with groups that had staged seven bombings of military and other government facilities, though charges related to the bombings were later dismissed. Berkman was convicted for his participation in the supermarket robbery, the proceeds of which, prosecutors alleged, had been used to buy the dynamite. Berkman served eight years of a 10-year sentence.

Whitehorn, Evans and Buck plead guilty to conspiracy and destruction of Government property. Whitehorn also agreed to plead guilty to fraud in the possession of false identification documents. Whitehorn was sentenced to 20 years in prison and Evans to an additional five years after completing a 35-year sentence being served for illegally buying guns. Buck was already serving 17 years on other convictions, and was later sentenced to a 50-year term for the Brinks holdup and other armed robberies during which two police officers were killed.

Susan Rosenberg and Timothy Blunk, plead guilty to eight counts each of possessing explosives, weapons and fake identification cards. Rosenberg's was pardoned by President Clinton in 2001 and Blunk was paroled in 1997.

**April 25, 2008** – Police arrest Philip Robinson Winkfield at his apartment in Northeast Baltimore and seize five loaded guns, including two semiautomatic pistols, two shotguns and a semiautomatic assault rifle; a bullet resistant vest; 157 grams of heroin; 180 grams of crack; more than six pounds of marijuana and \$8,000 cash. **Winkfield is the then 21-year-old son of U.S. Magistrate Judge Deborah Robinson.**

**May 23, 2008** – Winkfield indicted in Baltimore City Circuit Court on Maryland State Drug offenses.

**November 2008** – Barack Hussein Obama is elected President of the United States. The U.S. Attorney's Office in Maryland takes over the Winkfield case from Maryland State prosecutors moving it from Maryland State Court to federal court.

**December 3, 2008** – Winkfield waives Indictment and pleads guilty to being an armed heroin dealer.

**April 10, 2009** – Winkfield – eligible for a 40 year sentence – is sentenced to five years in federal prison for possession with intent to distribute heroin. Assistant U.S. Attorney George Hazel recommends to U.S. District Court Chief Judge Motz that Winkfield, receive the mandatory minimum of 60 months in prison. Chief Judge Motz sentenced Winkfield to five years in prison with credit for time served and, upon a request made by the defense with the concurrence of the government, that Winkfield be sent to Cumberland FCI, a notorious “Club Fed”

**June 17, 2009** – Winkfield's mother, Magistrate Judge Deborah A. Robinson holds a hearing in *U.S. v. Duke* at which the government makes an oral motion to dismiss the Indictment and quash the outstanding arrest warrant as to Duke which was granted by Magistrate Judge Deborah A. Robinson. Notably, the Transcript of that June 17, 2009, hearing reveals that the government failed to proffer the legally-required reason and failed to show the legally-required good cause to justify the granting of the government's motion to dismiss the Indictment against Duke. The same day, Magistrate Judge Robinson signed the Order dismissing the Indictment as a “United States District Court Judge”, a position Deborah A. Robinson does not hold. Notably, in that Order dismissing the Indictment against Elizabeth Duke she stated that the dismissal was: “for the reasons set forth in the government's motion and for good cause shown” – a clear and felonious misrepresentation of what actually transpired as the Transcript reveals.

**May 13, 2013** – Acting as a Private Attorney General, I file a motion to intervene in the *U.S. v. Duke* matter alerting both Magistrate Judge Robinson and her judicial superior, Chief Judge Roberts, of the improprieties of the June 17, 2009, hearing and requesting the audio recording of that hearing. That request is denied by Magistrate Judge Robinson.

**June 20, 2013** – After finally obtaining a transcript of the June 17, 2009, hearing, I again move to intervene pointing out the now-proven misrepresentation-of-the-record by Magistrate Judge Robinson in her June 17, 2009, order. Magistrate Judge Robinson denies my motion and **seals the motion from public view** on the Docket in 88-cr-145.

**July 26, 2013** – I write Chief Judge Roberts – and copy all the other judges of the D.C. District Court – and alert him of the issues concerning Magistrate Judge Robinson and tell him in that letter that: “I am privy to compelling evidence regarding why the Obama administration would *soto voce* seek the dismissal of the indictment against the fugitive, terrorist, indicted United-States-Capitol-bombing Elizabeth Duke.”

**October 23, 2013** – I again write Chief Judge Roberts – and copy all the other judges of the D.C. District Court – and bring to his attention the Winkfield matter described above and how it relates to the dismissal of the Indictment against Duke. Accordingly, I demand that pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3332(a)<sup>2</sup> and Federal Rules Criminal Procedure, Rule 6(a)<sup>3</sup>, Judge Roberts discharge his statutory obligation to bring “to the attention of the grand jury” the evidence of criminal behavior presented in that letter. Simply stated, it appears to me that Magistrate Judge Robinson – under threat that her son could be committed to Maryland State Prison where the threat of violence is much higher than in the federal system and knowing her son was facing 40 years in prison – caved to the Obama Administration’s peculiar demand to dismiss an Indictment against the fugitive,

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<sup>2</sup> 18 U.S.C. §3332(a) which states in pertinent part: “It shall be the duty of each such grand jury impaneled within any judicial district to inquire into offenses against the criminal laws of the United States alleged to have been committed within that district. **Such alleged offenses may be brought to the attention of the grand jury by the court** or by any attorney appearing on behalf of the United States for the presentation of evidence.” (Emphasis added).

<sup>3</sup> Federal Rules Criminal Procedure, Rule 6(a) which states: “When the **public interest** so requires, the court **must** order that one or more grand juries be summoned.” (Emphasis added).

domestic terrorist, Capitol-bombing Elizabeth Duke made without explanation by granting that motion and then signing the order impersonating an Article III judge. In return, her son received the velvet glove treatment from the federal government.

**October 30, 2013** – Chief Judge Roberts responds to my letter of October 23, 2013, concluding – after ignoring the proof of Magistrate Judge Robinson’s misrepresentation of the record and impersonating an Article III judge – that: “I see no basis for taking any further action.”

**November 8, 2013** – I file a judicial misconduct complaint against Magistrate Judge Robinson and Chief Judge Roberts. After relating the above facts in the bare-bone notice complaint, I specifically ask in my complaint: “I have in my possession copies of the pleadings, letters, and orders to confirm the allegations made herein and would be pleased to meet with an investigator to provide copies of the same.” That offer of providing further evidence is ignored.

**January 15, 2014** – Chief Judge Garland enters his order dismissing my judicial misconduct complaint summarily concluded without explanation that: “Because those allegations are ‘directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling,’ the complaint against the magistrate judge ‘must be dismissed.’ Jud. Conf. U.S., Rules of Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceeding 11(c)(1)(B); See 28 U.S.C. §352(b)(1)(A)(ii).” As to Chief Judge Roberts, Chief Judge Garland concluded: “Because the allegations ‘lack[] sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred’ on the part of either the magistrate or the district judge, the complaint against the district judge must also be dismissed. Id. 11(c)(1)(D).”

## II. CONCLUSION

Plainly, there is an on-going effort by the Obama administration to advance a very radical agenda by appointing Debo Adegbile to the powerful office of civil rights. Coupled with Obama’s above-described *de facto* pardon of Elizabeth Duke who was connected with Abu-Jama’s Philadelphia Black Panther party’s operations, I think the old adage “*that if it walks like a duck, talks like a duck and looks like a duck it is a duck*” is applicable here. Something is rotten in Philadelphia and I possess information that I believe connects Abu-Jama with Barack Obama and Eric Holder through Elizabeth Duke.

As I am sure you recall, now-Attorney General Eric H. Holder Jr. repeatedly pushed some of his subordinates at the Clinton Justice Department to drop their opposition to a controversial

Senator Pat Toomey  
Representative Mike Fitzpatrick  
February 12, 2014  
Page 6

1999 grant of clemency to 16 members of two violent Puerto Rican nationalist organizations, FALN (the Spanish acronym for Armed Forces of National Liberation) and Los Macheteros. Those organizations had been involved in a bombing campaign in New York, Chicago and elsewhere in the 1970s and 1980s. Not surprising, as, among other actions, Holder: (i) participated as a freshman at Columbia University in 1970 in a five-day “armed” occupation of an abandoned Naval Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) headquarters with the university’s Black Students’ Organization and (ii) refused to prosecute the notorious 2008 New Black Panther voter intimidation case, in, of course, Philadelphia.

The questions these facts raise demand Congressional inquiry. In particular:

1. Why is the Obama administration secretly and improperly dismissing charges against a domestic terrorist who bombed your own “house”;
2. Why is the judiciary so compliant – and indeed engaging in classic felonious cover-up behavior – to this *soto voce* plan of the Department of Justice to put radical anti-American persons and policies in place?
3. Why have my repeated requests to present evidence – and please note that I was the attorney for the so-called D.C. Madam Deborah Jeane Palfrey and am under a judicial gag order regarding information from her client records – to the grand jury for their consideration and, if warranted, investigation been blocked by Eric Holder and the Judiciary?

Upon the foregoing, I request a brief interview with one of your staff so I can provide the factual and documentary background which will detail why I believe there is much more going on than just the appalling appointment of Debo Adegbile as the Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights.

yours,

